VALUATION REPORT

on

Fair Value of Equity Shares

Mizzen Ventures Limited

Valuation Date / Relevant Date – 15th June 2026

Report Date – 18th June 2026

Bhavesh M Rathod
Chartered Accountants, Registered Valuer – SFA
Office Add: Office No. 515, 5th Floor, Dimple Arcade, Behind Sai Dham Temple,
Thakur Complex, Kandivali East, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400101
Registered Add: 12D, White Spring, A wing, Rivali Park Complex,
Western Express Highway, Borivali East, Mumbai 400066
Email: bhavesh@cabr.in
Mobile: +91 9769 11 34 90

Table of Contents

Valuation Analysis

We refer to our Engagement Letter as independent valuers of **Mizzen Ventures Limited** (the "Company"). In the following paragraphs, we have summarized our valuation Analysis (the "Analysis") of the business of the Company as informed by the management and detailed herein, together with the description of the methodologies used and limitation on our scope of work.

1 Context and Purpose

Based on discussion with the management, we understand that the Company is evaluating the possibility of **Fair Value of Equity Shares under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018**. In the context of the proposed transaction, the management requires our assistance in determining the **Fair Value of Equity Shares** of the Company.

Proposed Transaction:

During the Financial Year 2026-27, Company is evaluating the possibility of issuing further securities to prospective investors. In this context, the management of **Mizzen Ventures Limited** (the "Management") has requested us to estimate the fair value of the Equity Shares. - "Proposed Transaction".

2 Conditions and major assumptions

Conditions

The historical financial information about the Company presented in this report is included solely for the purpose to arrive at value conclusion presented in this report and it should not be used by anyone to obtain credit or for any other unintended purpose. Because of the limited purpose as mentioned in the report, it may be incomplete and may contain departures from generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in the country. We have not audited, reviewed or compiled the financial statements and express no assurance on them.

Readers of this report should be aware that a business valuation is based on future earnings potential that may or may not be materialised.

This report is only to be used in its entirety, and for the purpose stated in the report. No third parties should rely on the information or data contained in this report without the advice of their lawyer, attorney or accountant.

We acknowledge that we have no present or contemplated financial interest in the Company. Our fees for this valuation are based upon our normal billing rates, and not contingent upon the results or the value of the business or in any other manner. We have no responsibility to modify this report for events and circumstances occurring subsequent to the date of this report.

We have, however, used conceptually sound and generally accepted methods, principles and procedures of valuation in determining the value estimate included in this report. The valuation analyst, by reason of performing this valuation and preparing this report, is not to require to give expert testimony nor to be in attendance in court or at any government hearing with reference to the matters contained herein, unless prior arrangements have been made with the analyst regarding such additional engagement.

Assumptions

The opinion of value given in this report is based on information provided by the management of the Company and other sources as listed in the report. This information is assumed to be accurate and complete.

We have relied upon the representations contained in the public and other documents in our possession and any other assets or liabilities except as specifically stated to the contrary in this report.

We have not attempted to confirm whether or not all assets of the business are free and clear of liens and encumbrances, or that the owner has good title to all the assets.

We have also assumed that the business will be operated prudently and that there are no unforeseen adverse changes in the economic conditions affecting the business, the market, or the industry. This report presumes that the management of the Company will maintain the character and integrity of the Company.

We have been informed by the management that there are no significant lawsuits or any other undisclosed contingent liabilities which may potentially affect the business, except as may be disclosed elsewhere in this report. We have assumed that no costs or expenses will be incurred in connection with such liabilities, except as explicitly stated in this report.

3 Background of the Company

The Company is engaged in the Business of transaction processing support services to Shipping domain

Company URL: - https://mizzendigital.com

Further data of the company is as under:

CIN	L70200TG1995PLC019867
Company Name	MIZZEN VENTURES LIMITED
ROC Name	ROC Hyderabad
Registration Number	019867
Date of Incorporation	29/03/1995
Email Id	cs@jyothiinfra.com
Registered Address	Flat No 704 D Block Tower A, Aparna heights, Kondapur Main Road, Laxmi Nagar, Kondapur, Kondapur, K.V.Rangareddy, Serilingampally, Telangana, India, 500084
Address at which the books of account are to be maintained	C-1 Ground Floor Bagwe Bhavan, Jayprakash Nagar Road no 1 Peru Baug, Mumbai, Goregaon East, Maharashtra, India, 400063
Listed in Stock Exchange(s) (Y/N)	Yes
Category of Company	Company limited by shares
Subcategory of the Company	Non-government company
Class of Company	Public
ACTIVE compliance	ACTIVE Compliant
Authorised Capital (Rs)	22,10,00,000
Paid up Capital (Rs)	21,99,50,000
Date of last AGM	30/09/2025
Date of Balance Sheet	31/03/2025

Company Status	Active

Directors and Key Managerial Persons:

DIN/PAN	Name	Designation	Date of Appointment
09040813	Sandeep Dsilva	Managing Director	31/03/2025
*****9517B	Sandeep Dsilva	CFO	31/03/2025
11024748	Om Kantimohan Mishra	Whole-time director	31/03/2025
11025448	Kripa Anand Rajput	Whole-time director	31/03/2025
08193193	Anilkumar Mohanraj Marlecha	Director	31/03/2025
09394615	Reshma Dagdu Wadkar	Director	31/03/2025
11024743	Kumudini Jitendra Tiwari	Director	31/03/2025
*****6829D	Pallavi Ronit Passwala	Company Secretary	04/11/2024

Shareholding Details as on the date of report

Particulars	No. of Shares	% Holding
Promoter & Promoter Group		
Sandeep Dsilva	78,10,199	35.51%
Anil Anand Khot	25,68,080	11.68%
Nimesh Sahadeo Singh	17,59,670	8.00%
Chetan Mehrotra	11,00,947	5.01%
Rajiv Jaisukhlal Vaghani	7,31,857	3.33%
Hiren Kishor Deshpande	3,29,276	1.50%
Public	68,84,971	31.30%
Outstanding Warrants	8,10,000	3.68%
Total	**2,19,95,000**	**100.00%**

Face Value Per Share is Rs. 10.00/-

4 Valuation Premise

The premise of value for our analyses is going concern value as there is neither a planned or contemplated discontinuance of any line of business nor any liquidation of the Company.

5 Valuation Date

The Analysis of the Fair Value of Equity Shares of **Mizzen Ventures Limited** as on **15th June 2026** based on the financials as on **31st March 2026.**

6 Valuation Standards

The Report has been prepared in compliance with the internationally accepted valuation standards and valuation standard adopted by ICAI Registered Valuers Organisation.

7 Valuation Methodology and Approach

The standard of value used in the Analysis is "Fair Value", which is often defined as the price, in terms of cash or equivalent, that a buyer could reasonably be expected to pay, and a seller could reasonably be expected to accept, if the business were exposed for sale on the open market for a reasonable period of time, with both buyer and seller being In possession of the pertinent facts and neither being under any compulsion to act.

Valuation of a business is not an exact science and ultimately depends upon what it is worth to a serious investor or buyer who may be prepared to pay a substantial goodwill. This exercise may be carried out using various methodologies, the relative emphasis of each often varying with:

- whether the entity is listed on a stock exchange
- industry to which the Company belongs.
- past track record of the business and the ease with which the growth rate in cash flows to perpetuity can be estimated.
- Extent to which industry and comparable Company information is available.

The results of this exercise could vary significantly depending upon the basis used, the specific circumstances and professional judgment of the valuer. In respect of going concerns, certain valuation techniques have evolved over time and are commonly in vogue. These can be broadly categorised as follows:

1. Asset Approach

Net Asset Value Method ("NAV")

The value arrived at under this approach is based on the audited financial statements of the business and may be defined as Shareholders' Funds or Net Assets owned by the business. The balance sheet values are adjusted for any contingent liabilities that are likely to materialise.

The Net Asset Value is generally used as the minimum break-up value for the transaction since this methodology ignores the future return the assets can produce and is calculated using historical accounting data that does not reflect how much the business is worth to someone who may buy it as a going concern.

2. Market Approach

Comparable Company Market Multiple Method

Under this methodology, market multiples of comparable listed companies are computed and applied to the business being valued in order to arrive at a multiple based valuation The difficulty here in the selection of a comparable company since it is rare to find two or more companies with the same product portfolio, size, capital structure, business strategy, profitability and accounting practices.

Whereas no publicly traded company provides an identical match to the operations of a given company, important information can be drawn from the way comparable enterprises are valued by public markets. In case of early-stage company and different business model the problem aggravates further.

Comparable Transactions Multiple Method

This approach is somewhat similar to the market multiples approach except that the sales and EBITDA multiples of reported transactions in the same industry in the recent past are applied to the sales and EBITDA of the business being valued.

3. Income Approach

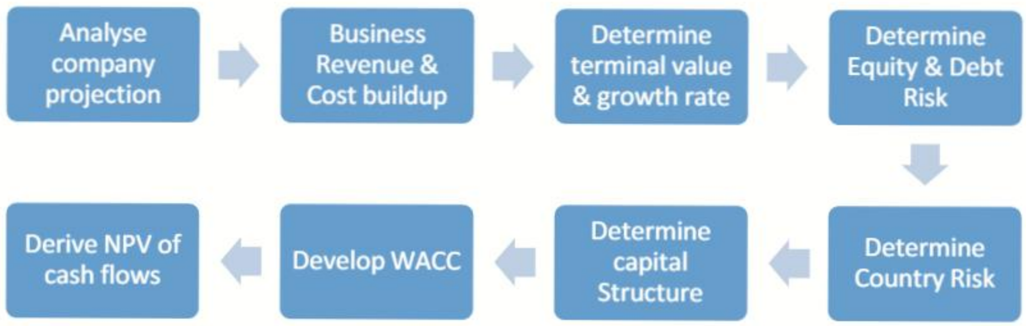
Discounted Cash Flows - "DCF"

DCF uses the future free cash flows of the company discounted by the firm's weighted average cost of capital (the average cost of all the capital used in the business, including debt and equity), plus a risk factor measured by beta, to arrive at the present value.

Beta is an adjustment that uses historic stock market data to measure the sensitivity of the Company's cash flow to market indices, for example, through business cycles.

The DCF method is a strong valuation tool, as it concentrates on cash generation potential of a business. This valuation method is based on the capability of a company to generate cash flows in the future. The free cash flows are projected for a certain number of years and then discounted at a discount rate that reflects a Company's cost of capital and the risk associated with the cash flows it generates. DCF analysis is based mainly on the following elements:

- Projection of financial statements (key value driving factors)
- The cost of capital to discount the projected cash flows



Profit Earning Capacity Value (PECV) Method

This method of valuation presumes the continuity of business and uses the past and projected earnings to arrive at an estimate of future maintainable profits. For the purpose of the Profit Earning Capacity Value (PECV) of the shares, the commonly accepted approach is to capitalize average earnings, past and projected at an appropriate rate of capitalization, to arrive at a fair value per share. In the calculation of PECV, provision for taxation at the current statutory rate is normally considered because the crux of estimate the PECV lies in the assessment of the future maintainable profits of the business. It should not be overlooked that the valuation is for the future and that it is the future maintainable streams of earnings that is of greater significance in the process of valuation.

Valuation Methodology

The application of any particular method of valuation depends on the purpose for which the valuation is done. Although different values may exist for different purposes, it cannot be too strongly emphasized that a valuer can only arrive at one value for one purpose.

In this case, the Company being a listed Company, we have considered valuation regulations applicable to preferential issue of Equity Shares as defined in Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital & Disclosure) Regulations, 2018, the requirements of the Articles of Association of the Company and the provisions of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 (as amended).

SEBI Regulations for requirement of Valuation:

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2018, AS AMENDED

The relevant Regulations under SEBI (ICDR) are reproduced as under:

Regulation 165. *Where the shares of an issuer are not frequently traded, the price determined by the issuer shall take into account the valuation parameters including book value, comparable trading multiples, and such other parameters as are customary for valuation of shares of such companies:*

Provided that the issuer shall submit a certificate stating that the issuer is in compliance of this regulation, obtained from an independent valuer to the stock exchange where the equity shares of the issuer are listed.

***Regulation 161**: "relevant date" means: a) in case of preferential issue of equity shares, the date thirty days prior to the date on which the meeting of shareholders is held to consider the proposed preferential issue:*

Explanation: Where the relevant date falls on a weekend or a holiday, the day preceding the weekend, or the holiday will be reckoned to be the relevant date.

Regulation 166A (1): Other conditions for pricing

Any preferential issue, which may result in a change in control or allotment of more than five per cent. of the post issue fully diluted share capital of the issuer, to an allottee or to allottees acting in concert, shall require a valuation report from an independent registered valuer and consider the same for determining the price:

Provided that the floor price, in such cases, shall be higher of the floor price determined under sub-regulation (1), (2) or (4) of regulation 164, as the case may be, or the price determined under the valuation report from the independent registered valuer or the price determined in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the issuer, if applicable.

Provided further that if any proposed preferential issue is likely to result in a change in control of the issuer, the valuation report from the registered valuer shall also cover guidance on control premium, which shall be computed over and above the price determined in terms of the first proviso.

In the instant case, the shares are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange but are infrequently traded. The traded turnover on the Exchange during the 240 trading days in the relevant period is shown in the table below.

Number of Equity Shares traded. (A)	Total no. of Equity Shares of the Target Company during the Relevant Period (B)	Trading Turnover (as a % of Total Equity Shares listed during the Relevant Period) (A/B)
	BSE Limited (BSE)	
9,33,022	2,19,95,000	4.24 %

Our choice of methodology and valuation has been arrived using usual and conventional methodologies adopted for purposes of a similar nature and our reasonable judgment, in an independent and bona fide manner based on our previous experience of assignments of similar nature.

8 Source of Information

The Analysis is based on trading prices and volumes as available in the public domain. Specifically, the sources of information include:

- Historical Data of Trading Price and Volume traded of the stock on Bombay Stock Exchange

Further, we have also been informed by the Company that

1. The Equity Shares of the Company are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange.
2. The Equity Shares are not frequently traded on the Bombay Stock Exchange and does not meet the definition of Frequently traded shares as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended.

3. The Company is proposing to hold Extraordinary General Meeting of Members on 15th July 2026 to approve the proposed preferential issue and hence, the relevant date is 15th June 2026.
4. The present issue of Equity Shares shall not result in change in control of the Company.

9 Caveats

Provision of valuation recommendations and considerations of the issues described herein are areas of our regular corporate advisory practice. The services do not represent accounting, assurance, financial due diligence review, consulting, transfer pricing or domestic/international tax-related services that may otherwise be provided by us.

We have relied on data from Recognized Stock Exchange. This source is considered to be reliable and therefore, we assume no liability for the accuracy of the data.

The valuation worksheets prepared for the exercise are proprietary to the Valuer and cannot be shared. Any clarifications on the workings will be provided on request, prior to finalizing the Report, as per the terms of our engagement.

The scope of our work has been limited both in terms of the areas of the business and operations which we have reviewed and the extent to which we have reviewed them.

The Valuation Analysis contained herein represents the value only on the date that is specifically Stated in this Report.

We have no present or planned future interest in the Company and the fee for this Report is not contingent upon the values reported herein.

Our Valuation analysis should not be construed as investment advice; specifically, we do not express any opinion on the suitability or otherwise of entering into any transaction with the Company.

Our Report is not nor should it be construed as our opining or certifying the compliance with the provisions of any law / standards including company, foreign exchange regulatory, accounting and taxation (including transfer pricing) laws / standards or as regards any legal, accounting or taxation implications or issues.

Our Report and the opinion / valuation analysis contained herein is not nor should it be construed as advice relating to investing in, purchasing, selling or otherwise dealing in securities. This report does not in any manner address, opine on or recommend the prices at which the securities of the Company could or should transact.

10 Distribution of Report

The Analysis is confidential and has been prepared exclusively for **Mizzen Ventures Limited** It should not be used, reproduced or circulated to any other person or for any purpose other than as mentioned above, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of the valuer. Such consent will only be given after full consideration of the circumstances at the time. However, we do understand that the report will be shared according to the terms of SEBI ICDR Regulation, 2018.

11 Opinion on Fair Value of Equity Shares

Based on our valuation exercise Fair Value of the Equity Shares as on 15th June 2026 is as under:

Method	In INR
Price determined from the independent registered valuer (Annexure 1)	124.94

Approach	Value per Share (*)	Weight	Product
Asset Approach - NAV Method	23.00	10%	2.30
Market Approach - Market Price	161.47	10%	16.15
Income Approach - DCF Method	133.12	80%	106.49
	Weighted Average Value Per Share		**124.94**

(*) Refer Annexure 1 for working

Approach	Method	Selection	Rationale for selection
Asset Approach	NAV Method	Selected	The NAV Method has been considered to reflect the underlying net asset position of the Company based on its assets and liabilities as of the valuation date. Being the Floor price of the company, we have considered 10% weightage for NAV method for current valuation exercise.
Market Approach	Market Price	Selected	The shares of the company listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange are infrequently traded. The Market Price Method has been considered in accordance with the applicable provisions of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. Considering the limited trading activity and reduced reliability of the quoted market price as an indicator of fair value, a nominal weightage of 10% has been assigned to the Market Price Method under the Market Approach.
Income Approach	DCF Method	Selected	The DCF Method has been considered as it captures the intrinsic value of the Company based on its projected future cash flows and expected growth prospects. Given that the Company's value is primarily driven by its future earnings and cash-generating ability, the DCF Method provides the most comprehensive reflection of its economic value. Accordingly, the remaining weightage of 80% has been assigned to DCF Method for the current valuation exercise.

Control Premium

The present issue of Equity Shares shall not result in change in control of the Company. Hence guidance on control premium is not considered under Regulation 166A.

We trust the above meets your requirements. Please feel free to contact us in case you require any additional information or clarifications.

BHAVESH M. RATHOD • REGISTERED VALUER • RV REGN. No. IBBI / RV / 06 / 2019 / 10708 (Securities or Financial Assets)

Yours faithfully

Bhavesh M Rathod
Chartered Accountants
M No: 119158
Registered Valuer - Securities or Financial Assets
(Reg No: IBBI/RV/06/2019/10708)

Date: 18th June 2026
Place: Mumbai

UDIN: 26119158BXZLXO1923

12 Annexure 1

Asset Approach - Net Asset Value Method as per Consolidated Financials as on 31st March 2026.

(INR Lakhs)

Particulars		Amount
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Fixed Assets		
-Tangible Assets		23.97
-CWIP		4,006.93
Non-Current Investment		433.00
Other Non-Current Assets		13.50
Current assets		
Trade receivables		92.14
Cash and bank balances		12.87
Short-term loans and advances		550.54
Other Current Assets		273.74
Total Assets	**A**	**5,406.69**
Liabilities		
Non-Current Liabilities		
Long Term Borrowings		134.56
Current liabilities		
Short Term Borrowings		14.23
Trade payables		70.24
Other current liabilities		128.15

Total Liabilities	**B**	**347.18**
Net-Worth	**(A - B)**	**5,059.51**
No. of Shares	C	2,19,95,000
Value Per Share (IN INR)	**(A - B) / C**	**23.00**

Market Approach - Market Price Method.

Method		In INR
90 trading days' volume weighted average price (*)	A	161.47
10 trading days' volume weighted average price (*)	B	142.58
Higher of A & B		**161.47**

Volume Weighted Average Price for 90 trading Days.

Date	No. of Share Traded	Traded Turnover
12-Jun-26	714	91,273
11-Jun-26	45	6,042
10-Jun-26	74	10,501
09-Jun-26	-	-
08-Jun-26	34	4,989
05-Jun-26	142	20,254
04-Jun-26	50	7,497
03-Jun-26	788	1,18,163
02-Jun-26	704	1,02,319
01-Jun-26	314	47,445
29-May-26	380	55,654
27-May-26	13	2,002
26-May-26	45	6,942
25-May-26	39,708	61,70,475
22-May-26	153	22,650
21-May-26	105	15,540
20-May-26	53	8,306
19-May-26	-	-
18-May-26	-	-
15-May-26	10	1,499
14-May-26	109	16,339
13-May-26	10	1,570
12-May-26	338	53,719
11-May-26	2	307
08-May-26	17	2,677
07-May-26	111	17,525

06-May-26	605	96,055
05-May-26	2,255	3,53,969
04-May-26	608	84,959
30-Apr-26	30	4,296
29-Apr-26	240	35,031
28-Apr-26	5	750
27-Apr-26	369	55,350
24-Apr-26	975	1,46,714
23-Apr-26	1,199	1,89,745
22-Apr-26	702	1,16,175
21-Apr-26	591	93,580
20-Apr-26	3,291	5,35,231
17-Apr-26	1,462	2,41,976
16-Apr-26	2,826	4,69,468
15-Apr-26	6,405	10,95,749
13-Apr-26	158	26,860
10-Apr-26	1,514	2,50,618
09-Apr-26	3,368	5,55,263
08-Apr-26	2,234	3,79,999
07-Apr-26	235	40,196
06-Apr-26	1,356	2,31,896
02-Apr-26	28	4,890
01-Apr-26	159	27,862
30-Mar-26	715	1,24,021
27-Mar-26	985	1,72,964
25-Mar-26	10,105	16,40,465
24-Mar-26	1,773	3,01,927
23-Mar-26	240	39,183
20-Mar-26	5,336	9,13,744
19-Mar-26	5,118	8,83,612
18-Mar-26	501	84,303
17-Mar-26	5,010	8,63,223
16-Mar-26	184	31,814
13-Mar-26	1,169	2,01,465
12-Mar-26	79	13,569
11-Mar-26	12,107	20,84,868
10-Mar-26	4,493	7,71,453
09-Mar-26	6,030	10,47,948
06-Mar-26	4,119	7,18,390
05-Mar-26	665	1,12,593
04-Mar-26	8,288	14,67,603
02-Mar-26	1,853	3,39,747
27-Feb-26	999	1,92,951
26-Feb-26	5,196	10,07,036
25-Feb-26	22,138	40,48,718
24-Feb-26	6,065	11,42,485
23-Feb-26	7,389	13,67,302

20-Feb-26	3,028	5,89,839
19-Feb-26	9,415	19,20,306
18-Feb-26	6,507	12,72,407
17-Feb-26	11,757	21,90,425
16-Feb-26	11,971	21,22,814
13-Feb-26	18,166	30,77,580
12-Feb-26	64,497	99,91,941
11-Feb-26	276	42,418
10-Feb-26	439	64,260
09-Feb-26	1,562	2,17,758
06-Feb-26	701	93,078
05-Feb-26	248	31,362
04-Feb-26	1,424	1,71,506
03-Feb-26	7,301	8,37,426
02-Feb-26	22,723	24,82,371
01-Feb-26	13,053	13,58,164
30-Jan-26	399	39,540
Total	**3,58,558**	**5,78,94,899**

Traded Turnover	5,78,94,899
No. of Share Traded	3,58,558
Volume Weighted Average Price for 90 Trading Days	161.47

Volume Weighted Average Price for 10 trading Days.

Date	No. of Share Traded	Traded Turnover
12-Jun-26	714	91,273
11-Jun-26	45	6,042
10-Jun-26	74	10,501
09-Jun-26	-	-
08-Jun-26	34	4,989
05-Jun-26	142	20,254
04-Jun-26	50	7,497
03-Jun-26	788	1,18,163
02-Jun-26	704	1,02,319
01-Jun-26	314	47,445
Total	**2,865**	**4,08,483**

Traded Turnover	4,08,483
No. of Share Traded	2,865
Volume Weighted Average Price for 10 Trading Days	142.58

Income Approach – Discounted Cashflow (DCF Method)

We have been provided with the business projection of the Company for **Five years** by the Management, which we have considered for our Analysis. Accordingly, the projected free cash flows to Firm ("FCFF") based on these financial statements is set out below:

(INR Lakhs)

Number of Months		12	12	12	12	12	
Particulars		FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	TV
EBITDA		775.29	1,575.36	2,897.53	4,804.49	6,794.45	6,998.28
Less: Depreciation		-205.73	-368.01	-525.97	-645.49	-724.12	-745.84
EBIT		569.56	1,207.35	2,371.56	4,159.01	6,070.33	6,252.44
Less: Tax on EBIT	25.17%	-143.35	-303.87	-596.87	-1,046.74	-1,527.78	-1,573.61
NOPAT		426.21	903.49	1,774.69	3,112.27	4,542.55	4,678.83
Add: Depreciation		205.73	368.01	525.97	645.49	724.12	745.84
Less: Capex		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-790.00
(Increase)/ decrease in working capital		-70.17	-101.20	-152.94	-211.07	-218.57	
Other Non-Current Assets		-2.03	-2.33	-2.68	-3.08	-3.54	
Free cash flow to firm ('FCFF')		559.75	1,167.97	2,145.03	3,543.60	5,044.56	4,634.67
Annual factor		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Discounting period (end year)		1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	
PV factor	14.14%	0.88	0.77	0.67	0.59	0.52	
PV of FCFF		490.39	896.44	1,442.33	2,087.47	2,603.41	

PV of FCFF for the horizon period	7,520.04	A
FCFF for terminal year	4,634.67	
WACC (Note 1)	14.14%	
Perpetuity Growth	3.00%	
Capitalisation Rate	11.14%	
Gross terminal value	41,585.94	
PV factor	0.52	
PV of terminal value	21,461.79	B
Enterprise value	28,981.83	A+B
Less: Long Term Debt	-148.79	
Add: Value of Investments	433.00	
Add: Cash & Bank	12.87	
Fair Value of Equity	29,278.91	

No of Share	2,19,95,000	
Value Per Share (in INR)	133.12	

Assumptions

WACC	**14.14 %**
Market Return (Rm)	10.14 %
Long Term Growth Rate	3.00 %

Terminal Value

The terminal value refers to the present value of the business as a going concern beyond the period of projections up to infinity. This value is estimated by taking into account expected growth rates of the business in future, sustainable capital investments required for the business as well as the estimates growth rate of the industry and economy. Based on dynamics of the sector and discussions with the Management we have assumed a terminal growth rate of **3.00 %** for the Company beyond the projections periods. The cash flows of **Rs. 4,634.67 Lakhs** have been used to determine the terminal value. Based on these assumptions the terminal value has been calculated at **Rs. 41,585.94 Lakhs.**

Using these cash flows and a discount rate of **14.14 %** we estimate the equity value of the Company **Rs. 29,278.91 Lakhs.**

Discount Factor

Discount Factor considered for arriving at the present value of the Free Cash Flows to the Firm ("FCFF") is the WACC.

The Weighted Average Cost of Capital ("WACC") is based on the proportionate weights of each component of the source of capital, i.e. weighted average of The Cost of Equity ("COE") & The Cost of Debt ("COD") wherein the ratio of Equity/Debt on total capital is the proportionate weights

WACC: COE * Equity Weightage of total Capital + COD * Debt Weightage of total Capital

Note 1: Calculations of WACC

Particulars	Note	%
Base Cost of equity		**10.14%**
Company specific risk premium		4.00%
Adjusted CoE	Note 2	14.14%
- Equity Weightage (*)		100.00%
Weighted CoE (A)		**14.14%**
Post tax cost of debt		0.00%
- Debt Weightage (*)		0.00%
Weighted CoD (B)		**0.00%**
WACC (A + B)		**14.14%**

(*) As per management representation, the debt is expected to be repaid by FY29. Accordingly, 100% Weightage is considered for equity

Note 2: **Organisation Specific Discount Rate**

- Cost of Equity of 14.14 % is taken as Discounting rate, calculated using,
  - Historical Market Return of BSE 500 from April 04, 2006, to March 30, 2026, is 10.14 %
  - We have considered Premium of 4.00 %

	Rate	Source
Market Return (Rm)	10.14 %	Return of BSE 500 for the period of April 04, 2006, to March 30, 2026.
Company Specific Risk	4.00%	Contingency of revenues, projected high profitability, achievability of projections

Based on the above parameters, the cost of Equity has been calculated at **14.14 %.**

(This space is intentionally left blank)